Reg. No. 08/14570/1993 dt. 26-7-1993

Jamkhandi Sugars Ltd., ಜಮಖಂಡಿ ಶುಗರ್ಸ್ ನಿ. ಜಮಖಂಡಿ.

GSTIN No: 29AAACJ8575C1ZD

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(*) CUG No. 7022022148 / 149 Tele Fax: 08353 - 254160.

CIN No. U85110KA1993PLC014570

Date: 11.06.2020

To,

The member Secretary Karnataka state pollution control Board #48 Parisar Bhavan 4th and 5th Floor, Church Street Bangalore-560001

JSL/Mfg/Env- Audit-Sugar/2020-21/ 996

Submitted through: Environmental Officer, Regional Office, KSPCB, Bagalkot.

Subject: - submission of Environment Statement For the financial year 2019-20-Reg.

R/sir,

With reference to above cited subject, we are enclosing herewith the Environment Statement for financial year 2019-20 for our "M/s Jamkhandi Sugars ltd" located at Hirepadasalgi village, Nagnur Post-587301, Jamkhandi Taluk, Bagalkot District, Karnataka. Kindly acknowledge the receipt, So that we can upload the same in our company website.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully, For Jamkhandi Sugars Limited

V.Sivaprakasam Managing Director

Encl: Two copies of Environmental Statement.

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2019-2020

Submitted By



M/s. Jamkhandi Sugars Ltd., Unit I

Post: Hirepadasalgi, Nagnur, Tal: Jamkhandi Dist: Bagalkot – 587301

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FORM-V (See rule 14)

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31 ST MARCH 2020

PART- A

i.	Name and address of the owner/ occupier of the industry	V.Sivaprakasam. Managing Director M/s Jamkhandi Sugars Ltd.,(Unit I) Post: Hirepadasalgi, Nagnur, Tal: Jamkhandi	
		Dist: Bagalkot – 587301	
Operat	ion or Process		
ii.	Industry category Primary-(STC Code) Secondary- (STC Code)	Primary-(SIC CODE)-2000 Secondary-(SIC CODE)-2061 Category: Red, Size: Large	
iii.	Production Category-Units	White crystal sugar with sugar cane crushing capacity of 5000 TCD and 27 MW/hr cogeneration	
iv.	Year of establishment	2001	
v.	Date of Last Environmental Statement submitted	29.07.2019	
vi.	No. of Employees	425 no's	



PART-B

Water and Raw Material Consumption

Water Consumption in m^3/d

Water Consumption	2018-19	2019-20	
Process	79	80	
Cooling (including washing and boiler feed)	192*	210*	
Domestic	16	15	

• Indicates process condensate water only.

I PRODUCTS

	Process water consumption per unit of Product Output		
Name of the Products	During the current financial year 2018-19	During the current financial year 2019-20	
Sugar	0.39	0.60	

ii. Raw Material Consumption

	Product	Consumption of raw material per unit of output		
Raw Materials		During the current financial year 2018-19	During the current financial year 2019-20	
Sugar Cane	Crystal white	8.66	11.93	
Lime	Sugar	0.011	0.020	
O.P. Acid		0.00038	0.0037	
Sulfur		0.0033	0.006	
Caustic Soda		0.000543	0.00071	
Lubricants			2	
(Kgs/MT of Sugar		0.0081	0.0083	
cane crushed)			•	



PART-C

Pollution discharged to environment / unit of output

(Parameters as specified in the consent issued)

Pollutants	Discharge of pollutants (Kg/day)	Concentration of Pollutants discharged	Reasons
		mg/volume	
Water	 Domestic effluent is treated in septic tank and soak pit. Effluents from washings are treated in an ETP consisting of collection cum reaction tank, settling tank, pressure sand filter and final collection tank. Monitoring of the characteristics of effluent washings will be outsourced to KSPCB empanelled laboratories. 		
Air	chimney of 90 scrubber re atmosphere	m 90 TPH boiler, 700 mt and 56 mts passespectively before set is equipped with c	s though ESP, Wet emitting in to
Monitoring reports are enclosed herewith for your kind perusal			

PART-D

HAZARDOUS WASTE

(As specified under the Hazardous Waste (Management and Handling Rules, 1989))

Hazardous Waste		Total Quantity (T/annum)		
		During the Current	During the Current	
		Financial Year 2018-	Financial Year 2019-20	
		19	,	
g)	From Process	140Ltrs/ annum used	140Ltrs/ annum used	
h)	From Pollution Control	within the premises as	within the premises as	
	facilities	lubricants	lubricants	



PART-E

SOLID WASTE

SR.NO	Solid waste	Total Quantity			
		During the Current Financial Year 2018- 2019		During the Current Financial Year 2019-2020	
	a) From Process	Ash Press mud	1833 MT 19369MT	Ash Press mud	1804 MT 10894 MT
	b) From Pollution Control facility (Organic Sludge) c) Quantity recycled or reutilized within the unit	ETP sludge 18.0T/day Bagasse =183317.00 MT		ETP sludge 25.0 T/A Bagasse =150383 MT	

PART-F

Please specify the characterization (in terms of Composition and quantum) of hazardous as well as solid wastes and indicate disposal practice adopted for both these categories of wastes.

The Hazardous waste generation is from D.G. Set of capacities 725 KVA, 500 KVA and 320 KVA DG set in the form of used oil and is classified under Category No.5.1 according to Hazardous Wastes (Management & Handling) Amended rules 2003. The quantity is approximately 140 lts /annum the quantity solely depends on the usage of D.G. Sets (more usage when there is no power supply). This is stored securely in sealed barrels in the premises and used as a lubricant in the mill gear.

The ash is mixed with press mud and sold as manure to member farmers.

PART G

Impact of the pollution control measures taken on the conservation of natural resources and consequently on the cost of production

A. Impact of pollution abatement on conservation

a. Cleaner Effluents

During the manufacturing process, wastewater is generated from various sections viz. process, washing area, domestic activity.,

The consumption of fresh water is kept in control because of production planning, maintaining dedicated production facility and optimization of wash water amount.

b. Resource Conservation & Recovery

Proper production planning and quality management techniques have resulted in lesser consumption of raw material which has resulted in lesser wastage of raw material, which earlier used to reach E.T.P.

c. Solid Waste Reuse

Bagasse generated as a byproduct from the sugar industry is reused as fuel for captive power plant.

The sludge generation from E.T.P. is partly used as manure in the plant premises. The remaining sludge is given free of cost to member farmers to use as manure.

B. Impact of pollution abatement on the cost of production

The expenditure incurred on the maintenance and running of the ETP works out to be 2.0 Crores this year. This includes the cost of chemicals, machinery repairs, and replacement of parts, manpower, Buffer tank and UASB-reactor.

PART-H

Additional measures/investment proposal for environmental protection including abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution

The company has already adopted various quality systems and improved manufacturing discipline. This has resulted in material conservation and waste reduction this year.

The industry has reduced its fuel consumption this year considerably compared to previous year. The indirect benefits are lesser emission of pollutants, maintenance of ambient air quality and energy conservation.

PART-I

MISCELLANEOUS

Any other particulars in respect of environmental protection and abatement of pollution.

The industry shall try to utilize all the treated effluent optimally for growing more trees in the premises.

Date: - 11.06.2020

Place: - Hirepadasalgi

For Jamkhandi Sugars Ltd

V.Sivaprakasam.

Managing Director